FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

VOLUME 2 OF 5



MARTIN COUNTY, FLORIDA AND INCORPORATED AREAS

COMMUNITY NAME	COMMUNITY NUMBER
JUPITER ISLAND, TOWN OF	120162
MARTIN COUNTY, UNINCORPORATED AREAS	120161
OCEAN BREEZE, TOWN OF	120163
SEWALL'S POINT, TOWN OF	120164
STUART, CITY OF	120165



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FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY NUMBER 12085CV002C

Version Number 2.3.3.2

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Flood Profiles	Panel
Bessey Creek	01-02 P
Coral Gardens Canal	03-04 P
Danforth Creek	05-09 P
East Fork Creek	10-11 P
Fern Creek	12-13 P
Loxahatchee River	14 P
Manatee Creek	15-16 P
Roebuck Creek	17-20 P
Rowland Canal	21-23 P
South Fork St. Lucie River	24-25 P
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Exhibits

Transect Profiles	Panel
Transect 1	1 T
Transect 2	2-3 T
Transect 3	4-5 T
Transect 4	6-7 T
Transect 5	8-9 T
Transect 6	10 T
Transect 7	11-12 T
Transect 8	13-14 T
Transect 9	15 T
Transect 10	16-17 T
Transect 11	18-19 T
Transect 12	20-21 T
Transect 13	22-23 T
Transect 14	24 T
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Transect Profiles	Danal
	<u>Panel</u> 31 T
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Transect 24	41-42 T
Transect 25	43-44 T
Transect 26	45-47 T
Transect 27	48-49 T
Transect 28	50-51 T
Transect 29	52-53 T
Transect 30	54-55 T
Transect 31	56-57 T
Transect 32	58-59 T
Transect 33	60-61 T
Transect 34	62-63 T
Transect 35	64-65 T
Transect 36	66-67 T
Transect 37	68-69 T
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Transect 41	76-77 T

Transect 42	78-79 T
Transect 43	80-81 T
Transect 44	82-83 T
Transect 45	84-85 T
Transect 46	86-87 T
Transect 47	88-89 T
Transect 48	90-91 T
Transect 49	92-93 T
Transect 50	94-95 T
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Transect 54	102-103 T
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Transect 65	124-125 T
Transect 66	126-127 T
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Transect 69	133-134 T
Transect 70	135-137 T
Transect 71	138-140 T
Transect 72	141-143 T
Transect 73	144 T
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Transect 75	146-148 T
Transect 76	149-151 T
Transect 77	152 T
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Transect 80	157-158 T
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Transect 101	212 T
Transect 102	213 T
Transect 103	214-215 T
Transect 104	216-217 T
Transect 105	218 T
Transect 106	219-220 T
Transect 107	221 T
Transect 108	222 T
Transect 109	223 T
Transect 110	224 T
Transect 111	225 T
Transect 112	226 T
Transect 113	227 T
Transect 114	228 T
Transect 115	229 T
Transect 116	230 T
Transect 117	231 T
Transect 118	232 T
Transect 119	233 T
Transect 120	234 T
Transect 121	235-236 T

Published Separately

Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)

SECTION 6.0 – MAPPING METHODS

6.1 Vertical and Horizontal Control

All FIS Reports and FIRMs are referenced to a specific vertical datum. The vertical datum provides a starting point against which flood, ground, and structure elevations can be referenced and compared. Until recently, the standard vertical datum used for newly created or revised FIS Reports and FIRMs was the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD29). With the completion of the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88), many FIS Reports and FIRMs are now prepared using NAVD88 as the referenced vertical datum.

Flood elevations shown in this FIS Report and on the FIRMs are referenced to NAVD88. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between NGVD29 and NAVD88 or other datum conversion, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at <u>www.ngs.noaa.gov.</u>

Temporary vertical monuments are often established during the preparation of a flood hazard analysis for the purpose of establishing local vertical control. Although these monuments are not shown on the FIRM, they may be found in the archived project documentation associated with the FIS Report and the FIRMs for this community. Interested individuals may contact FEMA to access these data.

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for benchmarks in the area, please visit the NGS website at <u>www.ngs.noaa.gov</u>.

A countywide conversion factor of -1.4 feet was calculated for the previous Martin County FIS (FEMA 2015).

Table 19: Countywide Vertical Datum Conversion

[Not Applicable to this Flood Risk Project]

Table 20: Stream-Based Vertical Datum Conversion

[Not Applicable to this Flood Risk Project]

6.2 Base Map

The FIRMs and FIS Report for this project have been produced in a digital format. The flood hazard information was converted to a Geographic Information System (GIS) format that meets FEMA's FIRM Database specifications and geographic information standards. This information is provided in a digital format so that it can be incorporated into a local GIS and be accessed more easily by the community. The FIRM Database includes most of the tabular information contained in the FIS Report in such a way that the data can be associated with pertinent spatial features. For example, the information contained in the Floodway Data table and Flood Profiles can be linked to the cross

sections that are shown on the FIRMs. Additional information about the FIRM Database and its contents can be found in FEMA's *Guidelines and Standards for Flood Risk Analysis and Mapping*, <u>www.fema.gov/guidelines-and-standards-flood-risk-analysis-and-mapping</u>.

Base map information shown on the FIRM was derived from the sources described in Table 21.

Data Type	Data Provider	Data Date	Data Scale	Data Description
Digital Orthophoto	U.S. Department of Agriculture	2016	1 meter	Martin County orthoimagery
Digital Orthophoto	Florida Department of Transportation	2016	0.5 foot	Martin County orthoimagery
Digital Orthophoto	Florida Department of Transportation	2016	0.5 foot	St. Lucie County orthoimagery
Digital Orthophoto	Florida Department of Transportation	2015	0.5 foot	Palm Beach County orthoimagery
Political boundaries	Martin County Information Technology Services Department	2012	N/A	Municipal and county boundaries
Surface Water Features	Martin County Information Technology Services Department	2003	1:2,400	Base map surface water features
Surface Water Features	U.S. Geological Survey	2006	1:3,000	National Hydrography Dataset
Transportation Features	Martin County Information Technology Services Department	2015	N/A	Roads
Transportation Features	Florida Department of Transportation	2014	1:24,000	Railroads within the State of Florida

Table	21:	Base	Map	Sources
TUDIC	_	Dusc	map	0001003

6.3 Floodplain and Floodway Delineation

The FIRM shows tints, screens, and symbols to indicate floodplains and floodways as well as the locations of selected cross sections used in the hydraulic analyses and floodway computations.

For riverine flooding sources, the mapped floodplain boundaries shown on the FIRM have been delineated using the flood elevations determined at each cross section; between cross sections, the boundaries were interpolated using the topographic elevation data described in Table 22. For each coastal flooding source studied as part of

this FIS Report, the mapped floodplain boundaries on the FIRM have been delineated using the flood and wave elevations determined at each transect; between transects, boundaries were delineated using land use and land cover data, the topographic elevation data described in Table 22, and knowledge of coastal flood processes. In ponding areas, flood elevations were determined at each junction of the model; between junctions, boundaries were interpolated using the topographic elevation data described in Table 22.

In cases where the 1% and 0.2% annual chance floodplain boundaries are close together, only the 1% annual chance floodplain boundary has been shown. Small areas within the floodplain boundaries may lie above the flood elevations but cannot be shown due to limitations of the map scale and/or lack of detailed topographic data.

The floodway widths presented in this FIS Report and on the FIRM were computed for certain stream segments on the basis of equal conveyance reduction from each side of the floodplain. Floodway widths were computed at cross sections. Between cross sections, the floodway boundaries were interpolated. Table 2 indicates the flooding sources for which floodways have been determined. The results of the floodway computations for those flooding sources have been tabulated for selected cross sections and are shown in Table 23, "Floodway Data."

Certain flooding sources may have been studied that do not have published BFEs on the FIRMs, or for which there is a need to report the 1% annual chance flood elevations at selected cross sections because a published Flood Profile does not exist in this FIS Report. These streams may have also been studied using methods to determine non-encroachment zones rather than floodways. For these flooding sources, the 1% annual chance flood plain boundaries have been delineated using the flood elevations determined at each cross section; between cross sections, the boundaries were interpolated using the topographic elevation data described in Table 22. All topographic data used for modeling or mapping has been converted as necessary to NAVD88. The 1% annual chance elevations for selected cross sections along these flooding sources, along with their non-encroachment Data for Selected Streams."

		Source for Topographic Elevation Data				
Community	Flooding Source	Description	Vertical Accuracy	Horizontal Accuracy	Citation	
Jupiter Island, Town of; Martin County, Unincorporated Areas; Ocean Breeze, Town of; Sewall's Point, Town of; Stuart, City of	Atlantic Ocean and riverine flooding sources	Light Detection and Ranging data (LiDAR)	4.28 cm RMSEz	N/A	3001 Inc. 2007	

Table 22: Summary of Topographic Elevation Data used in Mapping

		Source for Topographic Elevation Data				
Community	Flooding Source	Description	Vertical Accuracy	Horizontal Accuracy	Citation	
Martin County, Unincorporated Areas	Riverine flooding sources prior to the 2002 effective	Topographic Maps	N/A	N/A	USGS various	

Table 22: Summary of Topographic Elevation Data used in Mapping, continued

BFEs shown at cross sections on the FIRM represent the 1% annual chance water surface elevations shown on the Flood Profiles and in the Floodway Data tables in the FIS Report. Rounded whole-foot elevations may be shown on the FIRM in coastal areas, areas of ponding, and other areas with static base flood elevations.

	LOCAT	ΓΙΟΝ		FLOODWAY	,	1% ANNU	1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD88)			
	CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/ SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE	
		al and riverine ef	fects from Sou	638 163 303 172 153 287 430 431 431	1.1 1.7 1.8 3.1 3.4 1.8 1.2 1.2	* 6.9 ² 7.0 ² 9.6 10.8 13.4 15.6 16.2	2.2 6.6 6.7 9.6 10.8 13.4 15.6 16.2	3.1 7.2 7.3 9.7 10.9 13.5 16.3 17.1	0.9 0.6 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.7 0.9	
TABLE		MERGENCY MA				F	LOODWAY	DATA		
LE 23		TIN COUNT		DA	F	LOODING SO	URCE: CORA	L GARDENS (CANAL	

Table 23: Floodway Data

						1% ANNU			PEACE
	LOCA	TION		FLOODWAY	ELEVATION (FEET NAVD88)				RFACE
	CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
	² Combined coast	155 490 510 2,075 2,709 2,783 4,061 5,278 5,326 5,405 6,288 7,171 8,131 9,571 11,211	fects from Ma			* * 6.1 ² 6.4 ² 7.1 ² 7.5 ² 8.3 ² 10.8 10.8 10.8 11.4 12.3 12.6 13.3	0.3 5.5 5.6 6.1 6.6 7.3 8.2 10.8 10.8 11.4 11.4 12.3 12.6 13.3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3\\ 5.5\\ 5.6\\ 5.6\\ 6.1\\ 6.6\\ 7.5\\ 8.2\\ 10.8\\ 10.8\\ 10.8\\ 11.4\\ 11.5\\ 12.4\\ 12.7\\ 13.4\end{array}$	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
		MERGENCY MA				FL	OODWAY [DATA	
с П С		TIN COUNT	·	DA		FLOODING S	OURCE: EAS	T FORK CRE	EK

LOCAT	ION		FLOODWAY			AL CHANCE FLO ELEVATION (FE		RFACE
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
AB	915 22,850	1,733/ 1,450 ² 150	12,273 2,185	0.4 1.7	*	0.1 ⁴ 2.4 ⁴	0.1 2.6	0.0
C D E F G	25,650 28,650 30,250 32,250 34,250	178 290 405 246 289	2,320 2,323 3,203 2,192 2,630	2.5 3.8 3.0 3.9 3.3	* 5.33 5.53 6.03 6.63	2.9 ⁴ 4.1 ⁴ 4.9 5.7 6.5	3.2 4.8 5.7 6.6 7.5	0.3 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0
¹ Feet above count ² Width/width within ³ Combined coasta ⁴ Elevation comput *Controlled by coa	n county bounda Il and riverine eff ed without consi	fects from St. deration of ba	ckwater effects	from Atlantic Oc		1		
	MERGENCY MA	-	_		FL	OODWAY D	ΟΑΤΑ	
	TIN COUNT	-	DA	FLOODING SOURCE: LOXAHATCHEE RIVER				

FLO	ODING SO	URCE		FLOODWA	Y	1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD88)				
NODES ¹	LINKS	DISTANCE ²	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE	
010		2,824	73			5.4 ³	1.9	1.9	0.0	
010		2,824 2,904	39			5.4 ³	2.2	2.2	0.0	
020	C-030	2,304	00	508	5.6	5.4	2.2	2.2	0.0	
030		3,774	46			5.4 ³	4.2	4.7	0.5	
030A		3,873	45			5.5 ³	4.5	4.9	0.4	
	C-030B			511	3.7					
030B		3,933	48			5.8 ³	5.2	6.2	1.0	
	C-040			553	2.9	<u>,</u>				
040		4,048	315			7.3 ³	7.2	7.5	0.3	
055		4,223	252			7.8 ³	7.7	8.0	0.3	
	C-060			481	2.6					
060	0.0004	4,745	83	100		7.9	7.9	8.1	0.2	
0004	C-060A	5.044	00	432	2.9	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	
060A 080		5,044 7,824	89 87			8.1 10.2	8.1 10.2	8.3 10.2	0.2 0.0	
000	C-090B	7,024	07	335	1.5	10.2	10.2	10.2	0.0	
090B		8,174	39			10.2	10.2	10.3	0.0	
	C-090C			339	2.1					
090C		8,701	39			10.4	10.4	10.4	0.0	
120	C-130	9,460	73	280	2.2	11.4	11.4	11.6	0.2	
² Distance a	bove conflu	nown in FWDT. ence with Mana I riverine effects	tee Pocket		-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	
FEDER	AL EMERG	ENCY MANAG	EMENT AG	ENCY		FLC	DODWAY D	ΑΤΑ		
Μ	ARTIN (COUNTY, F	LORIDA	\ -						
		ORPORATED	ARFAS			FLOODING S	FLOODING SOURCE: MANATEE CREEK			

	LOCATIO	N		FLOODWA	Y		L CHANCE FLC	OD WATER SU ET NAVD88)	IRFACE
NODES ¹	LINKS	DISTANCE ²	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
130 130A 150 150A ¹ 0nly rele ² Distance	C-130A C-150 C-150A	9,558 9,781 10,245 11,246	34 55 39 15 Additional t	236 244 210 nodes are show	1.6 1.7 2.2	11.5 11.6 11.7 12.0	11.5 11.6 11.7 12.0	11.7 11.7 11.8 12.1	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1
		ENCY MANAG				FLO	ODWAY [DATA	
		COUNTY, F		A	FLOODING SOURCE: MANATEE CREEK				

LOCA	LOCATION FLOODWAY		1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD88)			RFACE		
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
٨	206	07	202	0.7	*	1.5 ³	1.6	0.1
A B		87 46	323 215	2.7 4.0	*	1.5 2.3^3	1.6 2.8	0.1 0.5
C	1,230 3,119	46 260	699	4.0	*	2.3 4.6 ³	2.8 5.3	0.5
D			584	1.1	6.1 ²	4.6 5.8 ³	5.3 6.2	0.7
	3,866	123	584 265		0.1 7.1	5.8 7.1 ³	6.2 7.6	
E F	6,092	45		1.8		9.2 ³		0.5
	8,895	35	181	3.4	9.2	9.2 10.9 ³	9.7	0.5
G	10,480	55	292	1.9	10.9	10.9 ² 13.0 ³	11.4	0.5
н	12,825	68	465	1.0	13.0		13.3	0.3
1	13,345	61	334	1.0	13.4	13.4 ³	13.8	0.4
J	13,934	50	385	0.6	15.2	15.2 ³	16.0	0.8
ĸ	15,253	114	732	0.3	15.3	15.3^{3}	16.1	0.8
L	18,426	46	174	1.1	16.0	16.0 ³	16.6	0.6
M	19,410	55	127	0.9	16.4	16.4 ³	16.9	0.5
N	20,456	24	76	1.4	17.2	17.2 ³	17.5	0.3
0	21,543	91	105	0.3	17.6	17.6^{3}	17.7	0.1
Р	22,587	72	100	0.3	17.7	17.7 ³	17.8	0.1
¹ Feet above confluence with St. Lucie Canal Okeechobee Waterway ² Combined coastal and riverine effects from Atlantic Ocean and Roebuck Creek ³ Elevation computed without consideration of backwater effects from St. Lucie Canal Okeechobee Waterway *Controlled by coastal flooding – see Flood Insurance Rate Map for regulatory base flood elevation								
	MERGENCY MA	-	_	FLOODWAY DATA				
Α		TED AREAS		FLOODING SOURCE: ROEBUCK CREEK			ΞK	

LOCA		FLOODWAY		1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD88)			RFACE	
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQ. FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET/SEC)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
А	15,016	116	1,739	1.9	5.8 ²	4.5 ³	5.4	0.9
В	17,453	135	2,212	1.5	5.8 ²	4.7 ³	5.6	0.9
С	18,901	109	1,493	2.2	5.9 ²	4.8 ³	5.7	0.9
D	20,225	109	1,510	2.2	6.0 ²	5.0 ³	5.9	0.9
E	23,029	86	1,471	2.3	6.1 ²	5.3 ³	6.3	1.0
F	25,723	745	2,945	1.0	6.2 ²	5.5 ³	6.5	1.0
G	28,542	77	980	3.1	6.5 ²	6.0	7.0	1.0
Н	30,713	152	1,490	2.0	6.9 ²	6.5	7.5	1.0
I	33,869	380	2,131	1.4	7.4 ²	7.2	8.2	1.0
J	37,326	491	3,054	0.8	8.2 ²	8.1	9.1	1.0
K	39,818	402	2,914	0.8	8.5	8.5	9.5	1.0
L M	41,641 43,465	817 237	4,461 1,726	0.2 0.4	8.5 8.6	8.5 8.6	9.5 9.6	1.0 1.0
¹ Feet above confluence with St. Lucie Canal Okeechobee Waterway ² Combined coastal and riverine flood effects from Atlantic Ocean and South Fork St. Lucie River ³ Elevation computed without consideration of backwater effects from St. Lucie Canal Okeechobee Waterway								
	EMERGENCY MA			FLOODWAY DATA				
Α	ND INCORPORA	TED AREAS		FLOODING SOURCE: SOUTH FORK ST. LUCIE RIVER				

Table 24: Flood Hazard and Non-Encroachment Data for Selected Streams[Not Applicable To This Flood Risk Project]

6.4 Coastal Flood Hazard Mapping

Flood insurance zones and BFEs including the wave effects were identified on each transect based on the results from the onshore wave hazard analyses. Between transects, elevations were interpolated using topographic maps, land-use and land-cover data, and knowledge of coastal flood processes to determine the aerial extent of flooding. Sources for topographic data are shown in Table 22.

Zone VE is subdivided into elevation zones and BFEs are provided on the FIRM.

The limit of Zone VE shown on the FIRM is defined as the farthest inland extent of any of these criteria (determined for the 1% annual chance flood condition):

- The primary frontal dune zone is defined in 44 CFR Section 59.1 of the NFIP regulations. The primary frontal dune represents a continuous or nearly continuous mound or ridge of sand with relatively steep seaward and landward slopes that occur immediately landward and adjacent to the beach. The primary frontal dune zone is subject to erosion and overtopping from high tides and waves during major coastal storms. The inland limit of the primary frontal dune zone occurs at the point where there is a distinct change from a relatively steep slope to a relatively mild slope.
- The *wave runup zone* occurs where the (eroded) ground profile is 3.0 feet or more below the 2-percent wave runup elevation.
- The *wave overtopping splash zone* is the area landward of the crest of an overtopped barrier, in cases where the potential 2-percent wave runup exceeds the barrier crest elevation by 3.0 feet or more.
- The *breaking wave height zone* occurs where 3-foot or greater wave heights could occur (this is the area where the wave crest profile is 2.1 feet or more above the total stillwater elevation).
- The *high-velocity flow zone* is landward of the overtopping splash zone (or area on a sloping beach or other shore type), where the product of depth of flow times the flow velocity squared (hv²) is greater than or equal to 200 ft³/sec². This zone may only be used on the Pacific Coast.

The SFHA boundary indicates the limit of SFHAs shown on the FIRM as either "V" zones or "A" zones.

Table 25 indicates the coastal analyses used for floodplain mapping and the criteria used to determine the inland limit of the open-coast Zone VE and the SFHA boundary at each transect.

		Wave Runup Analysis	Wave Height Analysis		
Coastal Transect	Primary Frontal Dune (PFD) Identified	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone VE Limit	SFHA Boundary
1	✓	VE 9 AO 3	AE 5 – 6	Runup	SWEL
2	\checkmark	VE 10	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
3	✓	VE 14	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
4	✓	VE 10	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
5	~	VE 10	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
6	~	VE 10	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
7	✓	VE 10	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
8	✓	VE 9	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
9	~	VE 9	AE 4 - 5	PFD	PFD
10	~	VE 9	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
11	~	VE 9	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
12	~	VE 9	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
13	~	VE 9	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
14	~	VE 8	AE 4 - 5	PFD	PFD
15	~	VE 8	AE 4 - 5	PFD	PFD
16	~	VE 8	AE 5	PFD	PFD
17	~	VE 8	AE 5	PFD	PFD
18	~	VE 8	AE 5	PFD	PFD
19	~	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
20	~	VE 8	AE 6	PFD	PFD
21	✓	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	Runup	Runup
22	✓	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
23	✓	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
24	✓	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
25	✓	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
26	✓	VE 8	AE 4 - 6	PFD	PFD
27	\checkmark	VE 8	AE 6	PFD	PFD

		Wave Runup Analysis	Wave Height Analysis		
Coastal Transect	Primary Frontal Dune (PFD) Identified	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone VE Limit	SFHA Boundary
28	~	VE 7	AE 4 - 5	PFD	PFD
29	~	VE 8	AE 5	PFD	PFD
30	√	VE 8	AE 5	PFD	PFD
31	~	VE 8	AE 4 - 5	PFD	PFD
32	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
33	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
34	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
35	√	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
36	√	VE 8	AE 4-5	PFD	PFD
37	√	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
38	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
39	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
40	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
41	~	VE 8	AE 4	PFD	PFD
42	~	VE 8	AE 4	PFD	PFD
43	✓	VE 7	AE 4	PFD	PFD
44	~	VE 7	AE 4	PFD	PFD
45	~	VE 7	AE 4	PFD	PFD
46	✓	VE 7	AE 4	PFD	PFD
47	✓	VE 7	AE 4	PFD	PFD
48	\checkmark	VE 7 AO 1	AE 4	PFD	SWEL
49	✓	VE 8	AE 4	PFD	PFD
50	✓	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
51	✓	VE 8 AO 1	AE 4 – 5	PFD	SWEL
52	✓	VE 8 AO 1	AE 4 – 5	Runup	SWEL
53	~	VE 9 AO 2	AE 4 – 5	PFD	SWEL

		Wave Runup Analysis	Wave Height Analysis		
Coastal Transect	Primary Frontal Dune (PFD) Identified	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone VE Limit	SFHA Boundary
54	~	VE 9 AO 2	AE 4 – 5	PFD	SWEL
55	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 5	PFD	PFD
56	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 6	PFD	PFD
57	~	VE 8	AE 4 – 6	PFD	PFD
58	~	VE 10 AO 1	AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
59	~	VE 10 AO 2	AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
60	~	VE 10 AO 3	AE 4 – 6	Runup	SWEL
61	~	VE 10 AO 2	AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
62	~	VE 8 AO 1	AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
63	~	VE 7	VE 8 AE 5 – 6	PFD	PFD
64	~	VE 7	VE 8 AE 5 – 7	PFD	PFD
65	✓	VE 7	VE 8 AE 5 – 7	PFD	PFD
66	~	VE 7	VE 8 AE 5 – 7	PFD	PFD
67	~	VE 7 AE 5	VE 8 AE 5 – 7	PFD	SWEL
68	~	VE 8	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 7	PFD	PFD
69	√	VE 8	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 6	PFD	PFD
70	✓	VE 8	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 6	Runup	Runup
71	~	VE 8	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 6	PFD	PFD

		Wave Runup Analysis	Wave Height Analysis		
Coastal Transect	Primary Frontal Dune (PFD) Identified	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone VE Limit	SFHA Boundary
72	\checkmark	VE 8	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 6	PFD	PFD
73	\checkmark	VE 9	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Runup	SWEL
74	\checkmark	VE 10	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Runup	SWEL
75	\checkmark	VE 10 AO 3	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Runup	SWEL
76	\checkmark	VE 9	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 6	PFD	SWEL
77	\checkmark	VE 13 AO 2	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	PFD	SWEL
78	~	VE 10 AO 2	AE 5 – 6	PFD	SWEL
79	~	VE 11 AO 2	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	PFD	SWEL
80	~	VE 10	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 6	Runup	SWEL
81	\checkmark	VE 10 AO 3	VE 7 AE 4 – 6	Runup	SWEL
82	~	VE 10 AE 10 AO 2	VE 7 AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
83	~	VE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
84	~	VE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
85	√	VE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
86	\checkmark	VE 9	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	PFD	PFD
87	\checkmark	VE 9 AO 2	VE 7 – 9 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL

		Wave Runup Analysis	Wave Height Analysis		
Coastal Transect	Primary Frontal Dune (PFD) Identified	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone VE Limit	SFHA Boundary
88	~	VE 9 AO 2	VE 7 – 9 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
89	~	VE 9 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 5	PFD	SWEL
90	√	VE 9 AO 2	VE 7 – 9 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
91	√	VE 9	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 6	PFD	SWEL
92	~	VE 9	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
93	~	VE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
94	~	VE 10 AE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	Runup	SWEL
95	~	VE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 4 – 7	PFD	SWEL
96	~	VE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 7	Runup	SWEL
97	1	VE 10 AE 10 AO 2	VE 7 – 8 AE 5 – 6	Runup	SWEL
98		N/A	AE 4 - 6	N/A	SWEL
99		N/A	AE 4 - 6	N/A	SWEL
100		N/A	AE 4 - 6	N/A	SWEL
101		N/A	AE 4 - 6	N/A	SWEL
102		N/A	AE 4 – 6	N/A	SWEL
103		N/A	AE 4 – 5	N/A	N/A
104		N/A	AE 5 – 7	N/A	SWEL
105		N/A	AE 5 – 7	N/A	SWEL
106		N/A	AE 5 – 7	N/A	SWEL

		Wave Runup Analysis	Wave Height Analysis		
Coastal Transect	Primary Frontal Dune (PFD) Identified	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone Designation and BFE (ft NAVD88)	Zone VE Limit	SFHA Boundary
107		N/A	VE 7 AE 5	Wave Height	SWEL
108		N/A	VE 7 AE 5 – 7	Wave Height	SWEL
109		N/A	VE 10 AE 9	Wave Height	SWEL
110		N/A	VE 7	Wave Height	SWEL
111		N/A	VE 7	Wave Height	SWEL
112		N/A	AE 6	N/A	SWEL
113		N/A	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Wave Height	SWEL
114		N/A	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Wave Height	SWEL
115		N/A	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Wave Height	SWEL
116		N/A	AE 5 – 6	N/A	SWEL
117		N/A	AE 5 – 6	N/A	SWEL
118		N/A	VE 7 AE 4 – 5	Wave Height	SWEL
119		N/A	VE 7 AE 6	Wave Height	SWEL
120		N/A	AE 5 – 6	N/A	SWEL
121		N/A	VE 7 AE 5 – 6	Wave Height	SWEL

A LiMWA boundary has also been added in coastal areas subject to wave action for use by local communities in safe rebuilding practices. The LiMWA represents the approximate landward limit of the 1.5-foot breaking wave.

6.5 **FIRM Revisions**

This FIS Report and the FIRM are based on the most up-to-date information available to FEMA at the time of its publication; however, flood hazard conditions change over time. Communities or private parties may request flood map revisions at any time. Certain types of requests require submission of supporting data. FEMA may also initiate a

revision. Revisions may take several forms, including Letters of Map Amendment (LOMAs), Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-Fs), Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs) (referred to collectively as Letters of Map Change (LOMCs)), Physical Map Revisions (PMRs), and FEMA-contracted restudies. These types of revisions are further described below. Some of these types of revisions do not result in the republishing of the FIS Report. To assure that any user is aware of all revisions, it is advisable to contact the community repository of flood-hazard data (shown in Table 30, "Map Repositories").

6.5.1 Letters of Map Amendment

A LOMA is an official revision by letter to an effective NFIP map. A LOMA results from an administrative process that involves the review of scientific or technical data submitted by the owner or lessee of property who believes the property has incorrectly been included in a designated SFHA. A LOMA amends the currently effective FEMA map and establishes that a specific property is not located in a SFHA. A LOMA cannot be issued for properties located on the PFD (primary frontal dune).

To obtain an application for a LOMA, visit <u>www.fema.gov/floodplain-management/letter-map-amendment-loma</u> and download the form "MT-1 Application Forms and Instructions for Conditional and Final Letters of Map Amendment and Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill". Visit the "Flood Map-Related Fees" section to determine the cost, if any, of applying for a LOMA.

FEMA offers a tutorial on how to apply for a LOMA. The LOMA Tutorial Series can be accessed at <u>www.fema.gov/online-tutorials</u>.

For more information about how to apply for a LOMA, call the FEMA Map Information eXchange; toll free, at 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627).

6.5.2 Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill

A LOMR-F is an official revision by letter to an effective NFIP map. A LOMR-F states FEMA's determination concerning whether a structure or parcel has been elevated on fill above the base flood elevation and is, therefore, excluded from the SFHA.

Information about obtaining an application for a LOMR-F can be obtained in the same manner as that for a LOMA, by visiting <u>www.fema.gov/floodplain-management/letter-map-amendment-loma</u> for the "MT-1 Application Forms and Instructions for Conditional and Final Letters of Map Amendment and Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill" or by calling the FEMA Map Information eXchange, toll free, at 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627). Fees for applying for a LOMR-F, if any, are listed in the "Flood Map-Related Fees" section.

A tutorial for LOMR-F is available at <u>www.fema.gov/online-tutorials</u>.

6.5.3 Letters of Map Revision

A LOMR is an official revision to the currently effective FEMA map. It is used to change flood zones, floodplain and floodway delineations, flood elevations and planimetric features. All requests for LOMRs should be made to FEMA through the chief executive officer of the community, since it is the community that must adopt any changes and revisions to the map. If the request for a LOMR is not submitted through the chief

executive officer of the community, evidence must be submitted that the community has been notified of the request.

To obtain an application for a LOMR, visit <u>www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program-flood-hazard-mapping/mt-2-application-forms-and-instructions</u> and download the form "MT-2 Application Forms and Instructions for Conditional Letters of Map Revision and Letters of Map Revision". Visit the "Flood Map-Related Fees" section to determine the cost of applying for a LOMR. For more information about how to apply for a LOMR, call the FEMA Map Information eXchange; toll free, at 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) to speak to a Map Specialist.

Previously issued mappable LOMCs (including LOMRs) that have been incorporated into the Martin County FIRM are listed in Table 26.

Table 26: Incorporated Letters of Map Change

[Not Applicable to this Flood Risk Project]

6.5.4 Physical Map Revisions

A Physical Map Revisions (PMR) is an official republication of a community's NFIP map to effect changes to base flood elevations, floodplain boundary delineations, regulatory floodways and planimetric features. These changes typically occur as a result of structural works or improvements, annexations resulting in additional flood hazard areas or correction to base flood elevations or SFHAs.

The community's chief executive officer must submit scientific and technical data to FEMA to support the request for a PMR. The data will be analyzed and the map will be revised if warranted. The community is provided with copies of the revised information and is afforded a review period. When the base flood elevations are changed, a 90-day appeal period is provided. A 6-month adoption period for formal approval of the revised map(s) is also provided.

For more information about the PMR process, please visit <u>www.fema.gov</u> and visit the "Flood Map Revision Processes" section.

6.5.5 Contracted Restudies

The NFIP provides for a periodic review and restudy of flood hazards within a given community. FEMA accomplishes this through a national watershed-based mapping needs assessment strategy, known as the Coordinated Needs Management Strategy (CNMS). The CNMS is used by FEMA to assign priorities and allocate funding for new flood hazard analyses used to update the FIS Report and FIRM. The goal of CNMS is to define the validity of the engineering study data within a mapped inventory. The CNMS is used to track the assessment process, document engineering gaps and their resolution, and aid in prioritization for using flood risk as a key factor for areas identified for flood map updates. Visit www.fema.gov to learn more about the CNMS or contact the FEMA Regional Office listed in Section 8 of this FIS Report.

6.5.6 Community Map History

The current FIRM presents flooding information for the entire geographic area of Martin County. Previously, separate FIRMs, Flood Hazard Boundary Maps (FHBMs) and/or

Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps (FBFMs) may have been prepared for the incorporated communities and the unincorporated areas in the county that had identified SFHAs. Current and historical data relating to the maps prepared for the project area are presented in Table 27, "Community Map History." A description of each of the column headings and the source of the date is also listed below.

- Community Name includes communities falling within the geographic area shown on the FIRM, including those that fall on the boundary line, nonparticipating communities, and communities with maps that have been rescinded. Communities with No Special Flood Hazards are indicated by a footnote. If all maps (FHBM, FBFM, and FIRM) were rescinded for a community, it is not listed in this table unless SFHAs have been identified in this community.
- Initial Identification Date (First NFIP Map Published) is the date of the first NFIP map that identified flood hazards in the community. If the FHBM has been converted to a FIRM, the initial FHBM date is shown. If the community has never been mapped, the upcoming effective date or "pending" (for Preliminary FIS Reports) is shown. If the community is listed in Table 27 but not identified on the map, the community is treated as if it were unmapped.
- *Initial FHBM Effective Date* is the effective date of the first FHBM. This date may be the same date as the Initial NFIP Map Date.
- FHBM Revision Date(s) is the date(s) that the FHBM was revised, if applicable.
- Initial FIRM Effective Date is the date of the first effective FIRM for the community.
- *FIRM Revision Date(s)* is the date(s) the FIRM was revised, if applicable. This is the revised date that is shown on the FIRM panel, if applicable. As countywide studies are completed or revised, each community listed should have its FIRM dates updated accordingly to reflect the date of the countywide study. Once the FIRMs exist in countywide format, as PMRs of FIRM panels within the county are completed, the FIRM Revision Dates in the table for each community affected by the PMR are updated with the date of the PMR, even if the PMR did not revise all the panels within that community.

The initial effective date for the Martin County FIRMs in countywide format was 10/04/2002.

Community Name	Initial Identification Date	Initial FHBM Effective Date	FHBM Revision Date(s)	Initial FIRM Effective Date	FIRM Revision Date(s)
Jupiter Island, Town of	05/24/1974	05/24/1974	N/A	02/02/1977	02/19/2020 03/16/2015 10/04/2002 09/20/1996 06/16/1992 01/05/1984 10/01/1983
Martin County, Unincorporated Areas	07/29/1977	07/29/1977	N/A	06/15/1981	02/19/2020 03/16/2015 10/04/2002 06/30/1999 09/29/1996 06/16/1992 01/05/1984
Ocean Breeze, Town of	08/02/1974	08/02/1974	04/02/1976	06/15/1981	02/19/2020 03/16/2015 10/04/2002 12/15/1983
Sewall's Point, Town of	03/15/1974	03/15/1974	11/28/1975	08/15/1978	02/19/2020 03/16/2015 10/04/2002 10/16/1996 06/16/1992 04/03/1984
Stuart, City of	05/24/1974	05/24/1974	02/13/1976 12/10/1976	08/15/1978	02/19/2020 03/16/2015 10/04/2002 06/22/1998

Table 27: Community Map History

SECTION 7.0 – CONTRACTED STUDIES AND COMMUNITY COORDINATION

7.1 Contracted Studies

Table 28 provides a summary of the contracted studies, by flooding source, that are included in this FIS Report.

Table 28: Summary of Contracted Studies Included in this FIS Report

Flooding Source	FIS Report Dated	Contractor	Number	Work Completed Date	Affected Communities
Atlantic Ocean	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Jupiter Island, Town of; Martin County, Unincorporated Areas

				\A/amla	
Flooding Source	FIS Report Dated	Contractor	Number	Work Completed Date	Affected Communities
Bessey Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Bessey Creek	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Bessey Creek Zone AE Tributaries	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Connector Channel	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Corral Gardens Canal	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas; Stuart, City of
Corral Gardens Canal	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Danforth Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Danforth Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Danforth Creek Zone AE Tributaries	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
East Fork Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
East Fork Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Fern Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas

Table 28: Summary of Contracted Studies Included in this FIS Report, continued

Flooding Source	FIS Report Dated	Contractor	Number	Work Completed Date	Affected Communities
Fern Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Indian River	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas; Sewall's Point, Town of
Lake Okeechobee	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Loxahatchee River	02/19/2019	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Manatee Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Manatee Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Manatee Pocket	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
North Fork Loxahatchee River	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
North Fork Loxahatchee River	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
North Fork St. Lucie River	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas; Stuart, City of
Old Fern Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Old Fern Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Roebuck Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas

Table 28: Summary of Contracted Studies Included in this FIS Report, continued

Flooding Source	FIS Report Dated	Contractor	Number	Work Completed Date	Affected Communities
Roebuck Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	Task Order 2012		Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Rowland Canal	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
South Fork St. Lucie River	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
South Fork St. Lucie River	10/04/2002	Taylor Engineering, Inc.	EMA-96-C0- 0022	August 1997	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
St. Lucie River	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas; Stuart, City of
Unnamed Tributary 1 to Roebuck Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Warner Creek	02/19/2020	BakerAECOM	HSFEHQ- 09-D-0368	November 2016	Martin County, Unincorporated Areas
Warner Creek	03/16/2015	Watershed IV Alliance	EMA-2002- CO-001A, Task Order 023	October 2012 Martin County, Unincorporated Areas	

Table 28: Summary of Contracted Studies Included in this FIS Report, continued

7.2 Community Meetings

The dates of the community meetings held for this Flood Risk Project and previous Flood Risk Projects are shown in Table 29. These meetings may have previously been referred to by a variety of names (Community Coordination Officer (CCO), Scoping, Discovery, etc.), but all meetings represent opportunities for FEMA, community officials, study contractors, and other invited guests to discuss the planning for and results of the project.

Table 29: Community Meetings

Community	FIS Report Dated	Date of Meeting	Meeting Type	Attended By
Jupiter Island, Town of	02/19/2020	05/16/2012	Discovery	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Jupiter Island, and BakerAECOM
		06/17/2013	Technical Update	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Jupiter Island, and BakerAECOM
		11/19/2014	Storm Surge Analysis	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Jupiter Island, and BakerAECOM
		03/29/2017	Flood Risk Review	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Jupiter Island, and BakerAECOM
		03/22/2018	CCO Meeting	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Jupiter Island, Florida Division of Emergency Management, Water Management District, and BakerAECOM
Martin County Unincorporated Areas	02/19/2020	05/16/2012	Discovery	FEMA Region IV, representatives of Martin County, and BakerAECOM
		06/17/2013	Technical Update	FEMA Region IV, representatives of Martin County, and BakerAECOM
		11/19/2014	Storm Surge Analysis	FEMA Region IV, representatives of Martin County, and BakerAECOM
		03/29/2017	Flood Risk Review	FEMA Region IV, representatives of Martin County, and BakerAECOM
		03/22/2018	CCO Meeting	FEMA Region IV, representatives of Martin County, Florida Division of Emergency Management, Water Management District, and BakerAECOM
Ocean Breeze, Town of	02/19/2020	05/16/2012	Discovery	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Ocean Breeze, and BakerAECOM
		06/17/2013	Technical Update	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Ocean Breeze, and BakerAECOM
		11/19/2014	Storm Surge Analysis	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Ocean Breeze, and BakerAECOM
		03/29/2017	Flood Risk Review	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Ocean Breeze, and BakerAECOM
		03/22/2018	CCO Meeting	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Ocean Breeze, Florida Division of Emergency Management, Water Management District, and BakerAECOM

Table 29: Community Meetings, continued

Community	FIS Report Dated	Date of Meeting	Meeting Type	Attended By	
Sewall's Point, Town of	02/19/2020	05/16/2012	Discovery	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Sewall's Point, and BakerAECOM	
		06/17/2013	Technical Update	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Sewall's Point, and BakerAECOM	
		1		Storm Surge Analysis	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Sewall's Point, and BakerAECOM
		03/29/2017	Flood Risk Review	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Sewall's Point, and BakerAECOM	
		03/22/2018	CCO Meeting	FEMA Region IV, the Town of Sewall's Point, Florida Division of Emergency Management, Water Management District, and BakerAECOM	
Stuart, City of	02/19/2020	05/16/2012	Discovery	FEMA Region IV, the City of Stewart, and BakerAECOM	
		06/17/2013	Technical Update	FEMA Region IV, the City of Stewart, and BakerAECOM	
		11/19/2014	Storm Surge Analysis	FEMA Region IV, the City of Stewart, and BakerAECOM	
		03/29/2017	Flood Risk Review	FEMA Region IV, the City of Stewart, and BakerAECOM	
		03/22/2018	CCO Meeting	FEMA Region IV, the City of Stewart, Florida Division of Emergency Management, Water Management District, and BakerAECOM	

SECTION 8.0 – ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Information concerning the pertinent data used in the preparation of this FIS Report can be obtained by submitting an order with any required payment to the FEMA Engineering Library. For more information on this process, see <u>www.fema.gov</u>.

The additional data that was used for this project includes the FIS Report and FIRM that were previously prepared for Martin County (FEMA 2015).

Table 30 is a list of the locations where FIRMs for Martin County can be viewed. Please note that the maps at these locations are for reference only and are not for distribution. Also, please note that only the maps for the community listed in the table are available at that particular repository. A user may need to visit another repository to view maps from an adjacent community.

Community	Address	City	State	Zip Code
Jupiter Island, Town of	Jupiter Island Town Hall 2 Bridge Road	Hobe Sound	FL	33455
Martin County, Unincorporated Areas	Martin County Administrative Center 2401 Southeast Monterey Road	Stuart	FL	34996
Ocean Breeze, Town of	Ocean Breeze Town Hall 1508 Northeast Jensen Beach Boulevard	Jensen Beach	FL	34957
Sewall's Point, Town of	Town Hall 1 South Sewall's Point Road	Sewall's Point	FL	34996
Stuart, City of	Development Department 121 Southwest Flagler Avenue	Stuart	FL	34994

Table 30: Map Repositories

The National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL) dataset is a compilation of effective FIRM Databases and LOMCs. Together they create a GIS data layer for a State or Territory. The NFHL is updated as studies become effective and extracts are made available to the public monthly. NFHL data can be viewed or ordered from the website shown in Table 31.

Table 31 contains useful contact information regarding the FIS Report, the FIRM, and other relevant flood hazard and GIS data. In addition, information about the State NFIP Coordinator and GIS Coordinator is shown in this table. At the request of FEMA, each Governor has designated an agency of State or territorial government to coordinate that State's or territory's NFIP activities. These agencies often assist communities in developing and adopting necessary floodplain management measures. State GIS Coordinators are knowledgeable about the availability and location of State and local GIS data in their state.

FEMA and the NFIP				
FEMA and FEMA Engineering Library website	www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program-flood- hazard-mapping/engineering-library			
NFIP website	www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program			
NFHL Dataset	msc.fema.gov			
FEMA Region IV	FEMA-R4 (Hollins Building) 3003 Chamblee-Tucker Road			
	Atlanta, GA 30341 (770) 220-3174			
Other Federal Agencies				
USGS website www.usgs.gov				
Hydraulic Engineering Center website	www.hec.usace.army.mil			
State Agencies and Organizations				
State NFIP Coordinator	IP Coordinator Steve Martin, CFM, State NIP and Floodplain Manager Florida Division of Emergency Management 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2100 (850) 922-5269 steve.martins@em.myflorida.com			
State GIS Coordinator	Richard Butgereit GIS Administrator Florida Division of Emergency Management 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2100 Phone: (850) 413-9907 richard.butgereit@dca.state.fl.us			

Table 31: Additional Information

SECTION 9.0 – BIBLIOGRAPHY AND REFERENCES

Table 32 includes sources used in the preparation of and cited in this FIS Report as well as additional studies that have been conducted in the study area.

Citation in this FIS	Publisher/ Issuer	<i>Publication Title,</i> "Article," Volume, Number, etc.	Author/Editor	Place of Publication	Publication Date/ Date of Issuance	Link
FEMA 2002	Federal Emergency Management Agency	Flood Insurance Study, Martin County, Florida, and Unincorporated Areas		Washington, D.C.	October 4, 2002	FEMA Flood Map Service Center <u>msc.fema.gov</u>
FEMA 2012	Federal Emergency Management Agency	Flood Hazard Mapping for Herbert Hoover Dike and Lake Okeechobee Pilot Study Draft Report	Taylor Engineering Inc., AECOM Inc., Members of Watershed IV Alliance		September 2012	
FEMA 2015	Federal Emergency Management Agency	Flood Insurance Study, Martin County, Florida, and Unincorporated Areas		Washington, D.C.	March 2015	FEMA Flood Map Service Center <u>msc.fema.gov</u>
Resio 2007		White Paper on Estimating Hurricane Inundation Probabilities (with contributions from S.J. Boc, L. Borgman, V. Cardone, A. Cox, W.R. Dally, R.G. Dean, D. Divoky, E. Hirsh, J.L. Irish, D. Levinson, A. Niedoroda, M.D. Powell, J.J. Ratcliff, C. Stutts, J. Suhada, G.R. Toro, and P.J. Vickery), Appendix 8-2 (R2007) of USACE (2007), Interagency Performance Evaluation Taskforce (IPET) Final Report.	Resio, D.T.		2007	

Table 32: Bibliography and References

Citation in this FIS	Publisher/ Issuer	Publication Title, "Article," Volume, Number, etc.	Author/Editor	Place of Publication	Publication Date/ Date of Issuance	Link
Toro 2010		<i>"Efficient Joint Probability Methods for Hurricane Surge Frequency Analysis," Ocean Engineering, Vol. 37, pp. 125- 134</i>	G. Toro, D.T. Resio, D. Divoky, A. W. Niedoroda, C.W. Reed		2010	
USGS various	U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey	7.5-Minute Series Topographic Maps, Scale 1:24,000, Contour Interval 5 Feet; Okeechobee 4 NW, 1953, photorevised 1970; Okeechobee 4 NE, 1953, photorevised 1970; Indiantown NW, Florida, 1953, photorevised 1970; Palm City, Florida, 1948, photorevised 1970; St. Lucie Inlet, Florida, 1948, photorevised 1970; Okeechobee SE, Florida, 1971; Okeechobee 4 SW, Florida, 1953, photorevised 1970; Okeechobee 4 SE, Florida, 1953, photorevised 1970; Indiantown, Florida 1953, photorevised 1970; Indiantown SE, Florida, 1953, photorevised 1970; Gomez, Florida, 1948, photorevised 1967; Hobe Sound, Florida, 1948, photorevised 1967; Port Mayaca, Florida, 1971; West Palm Beach 2 NW, Florida, 1948, photorevised 1973; Jupiter, Florida, 1948, photorevised 1967			Various	

Table 32: Bibliography and References, continued





















































































































